## Heterogeneous Photocatalytic Degradation Kinetic of Gaseous Ammonia Over Nano-TiO<sub>2</sub> Supported on Latex Paint Film<sup>1</sup>

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**Objective** To investigate the photocatalytic degradation of gaseous ammonia in static state by using nano-TiO<sub>2</sub> as photocatalyst supported on latex paint film under UV-irradiation. **Methods** Experiments were conducted to study the relationship between the initial concentration of ammonia and the degradation products competing to be adsorbed on catalyst surface. Degradation of ammonia and its products were detected by spectrophotometry and catalytic kinetic spectrophotometry, respectively. **Results** On the one hand, TiO<sub>2</sub> catalyst was excellent for degradation of ammonia, and the crystal phase of TiO<sub>2</sub>, anatase or rutile, had little effect on degradation of ammonia, but the conversion of ammonia grew with the increase of catalyst content. On the other hand, apparent rate constant and conversion of ammonia decreased with the increase of initial concentration of ammonia, and the photocatalytic degradation reaction followed a pseudo-first-order expression due to the evidence of linear correlation between -*lnC/C<sub>0</sub>* vs. irradiation time t, but the relationship between initial concentration and the degradation of ammonia in static state follows a first-order reaction depends on the initial ammonia concentration due to competition in adsorption between reactant and the degradation products.

Key words: TiO<sub>2</sub>; Gaseous ammonia; Latex paint; Photocatalytic degradation; Kinetic in static state

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(Received September 12, 2006 Accepted July 25, 2007)

0895-3988/2008 CN 11-2816/Q Copyright © 2008 by China CDC

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This work has been supported by Shandong Provincial Scientific Council, People's Republic of China (Grant No. Z2000B01). <sup>2</sup>Correspondence should be addressed to Qi-Jin GENG, Department of chemistry, Weifang University, 149 East Dongfeng Street, Weifang University, Weifang 261061, Shandong, China. Tel: 86-536-8785283, Cell phone: 13465686019, Fax: 86-532-84022757. E-mail: jngengqijin@yahoo.com