

Supplementary Figure S1. Spearman correlation coefficients for REE concentrations. (A) Spearman correlation coefficients among REEs of serum and follicular fluid. (B) Spearman correlation coefficients among REEs of seminal plasma.



Supplementary Figure S2. Mixture exposure analysis of WQS model regression models and BKMR models for clinical pregnancy in serum. (A) Single REEs association. The plot compares the changes in clinical pregnancy [h(expo)] when the LREE is at its 75th vs 25th percentile and other elements are fixed at their 25th, 50th, or 75th percentile, respectively. (B) Univariate exposure-response for the associations between each REEs and clinical pregnancy. Univariate exposure-response function and 95% confidence intervals for the associations between each REEs and clinical pregnancy. Univariate exposure-response function and 95% confidence intervals for the associations between each REEs and clinical pregnancy, with other elements fixed at their median concentrations. (C) Bivariate exposure-response functions for a kind of REE fixed at either the 25th, 50th, or 75th percentile and the rest of REEs are fixed at the median. (D) Associations between the mixed exposure to REEs and clinical pregnancy. The plot compares the estimated risk change [h(expo)] when all the REEs are at their specific quantile compared to those that are all at their 50th percentile. (E) The weights of REEs in clinical pregnancy based on WQS regression analysis. Models adjusted age, BMI, fertilization mode, infertility type, and smoking status.



Supplementary Figure S3. Mixture exposure analysis of WQS model regression models and BKMR models for clinical pregnancy in follicular fluid. (A) Single REEs association. The plot compares the changes in clinical pregnancy [h(expo)] when the LREE is at its 75th vs 25th percentile and other elements are fixed at their 25th, 50th, or 75th percentile, respectively. (B) Univariate exposure-response for the associations between each REEs and clinical pregnancy. Univariate exposure-response function and 95% confidence intervals for the associations between each REEs and clinical pregnancy. Univariate exposure-response function and 95% confidence intervals for the associations between each REEs and clinical pregnancy, with other elements fixed at their median concentrations. (C) Bivariate exposure-response functions for a kind of REE fixed at either the 25th, 50th, or 75th percentile and the rest of REEs are fixed at the median. (D) Associations between the mixed exposure to REEs and clinical pregnancy. The plot compares the estimated risk change [h(expo)] when all the REEs are at their specific quantile compared to those that are all at their 50th percentile. (E) The weights of REEs in clinical pregnancy based on WQS regression analysis. Models adjusted age, BMI, fertilization mode, infertility type, and smoking statu.

			Mod	lel-1ª		Model-2 ^b			
Elements	Sample	OR	95%	% CI	Р	OR	95%	% CI	Р
Ce	serum	1.11	0.80	1.56	0.53	1.13	0.90	1.43	0.30
	follicular fluid	1.02	0.73	1.42	0.92	0.95	0.78	1.14	0.57
	seminal plasma	0.93	0.66	1.30	0.66	1.01	0.87	1.17	0.87
La	serum	0.92	0.66	1.29	0.63	0.86	0.65	1.14	0.28
	follicular fluid	0.96	0.68	1.34	0.81	0.99	0.80	1.22	0.90
	seminal plasma	1.09	0.78	1.52	0.63	1.13	0.86	1.47	0.39
Nd	serum	0.95	0.68	1.33	0.77	1.02	0.89	1.17	0.79
	follicular fluid	0.95	0.68	1.33	0.77	0.93	0.75	1.15	0.52
	seminal plasma	1.01	0.72	1.42	0.94	1.09	0.86	1.37	0.48
Pr	serum	1.11	0.79	1.56	0.56	1.12	0.89	1.41	0.34
	follicular fluid	1.27	0.94	1.72	0.12	1.31	1.00	1.72	0.05
	seminal plasma	1.13	0.85	1.52	0.40	1.23	0.92	1.66	0.17
Sm	serum	1.17	0.87	1.57	0.29	1.23	0.94	1.61	0.13

Supplementary Table S1. Relative risk of the LREE concentrations associated with the clinical pregnancy of IVFembryo transfer

Note. ^aModel-1 uses log-binomial regression without adjusting confounders. ^bModel-2 uses log-binomial regression with adjusting age, BMI, fertilization mode, infertility type and smoking status.

Supplementary Table S2. Posterior inclusion probabilities (PIPs) for semen concentrations of REEs and clinical pregnancy using BKMR

Elements	PIPs
La	0.53
Ce	0.37
Pr	0.49
Nd	0.40

References	Region	Sample type (ng/mL)	Population	Subgroup	Га	Ge	Pr	PN	S
		Serum	Women	I	0.080	0.097	0.026	0.144	0.050
					(0.048, 0.124)	(0.061, 0.167)	(0.017, 0.040)	(0.097, 0.199)	(0.031, 0.067)
This study	Beiling, China	Follicular fluid	Women	I	0.016	0.034	600.0	0.069	< MDL
	ò				(0.009, 0.027)	(0.020, 0.055)	(0.007, 0.012)	(0.054, 0.101)	(< MDL, 0.0004)
		seminal	ach a	I	0.089	0.246	0.023	0.118	< MDL
		plasma	INIdii	I	(0.054, 0.128)	(0.168, 0.374)	(0.013, 0.036)	(0.080, 0.171)	(< MDL, 0.0004)
Ξ	Shandong/Beijing,				0.035	0.058	0.010	0.051	
	China	mnac	women	I	(0.027, 0.047)	(0.044, 0.094)	(0.008, 0.016)	(0.038, 0.090)	I
[2]		50 I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Momon		0.076	0.137	0.029	0.178	0.123
	beijing, china	mnac	women	I	(0.054, 0.099)	(0.091, 0.179)	(0.023, 0.035)	(0.134, 0.226)	(0.092, 0.164)
				First trimostor	0.073	0.121	0.031	0.162	0.047
[8]			MULIEII		(0.059, 0.096)	(0.088, 0.162)	(0.023, 0.039)	(0.114, 0.225)	(0.022, 0.077)
	penjirig, crima			This is a set of the s	0.071	0.103	0:030	0.176	0.053
			women	i nira trimester	(0.054, 0.088)	(0.072, 0.138)	(0.023, 0.039)	(0.116, 0.238)	(0.025, 0.093)
					0.072	0.116	0:030	0.212	0.132
[4]	Chandi China	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Momore	Lases	(0.052, 0.107)	(0.080, 0.233)	(0.023, 0.043)	(0.156, 0.265)	(0.098, 0.173)
	סחמתאן, כחוחמ	Jerum	women	- louter	0.059	060.0	0.028	0.195	0.127
				Controls	(0.045, 0.083)	(0.063, 0.130)	(0.022, 0.037)	(0.150, 0.252)	(0.096, 0.168)
			Momore	First trimontos	0.047	0.066	0.020	0.125	0.094
[5]	Chandi China	South State	MOLIEII		(0.036, 0.061)	(0.049, 0.090)	(0.016, 0.024)	(0.103, 0.155)	(0.076, 0.116)
	סחמתאן, כחוחמ	Jerum		a office continue for a contract	0.049	0.069	0.021	0.140	0.094
			women	second trimester	(0.038, 0.066)	(0.056, 0.093)	(0.017, 0.025)	(0.109, 0.173)	(0.078, 0.115)
		Plasma	Women	Beginning of the	0.67 ± 0.24^{a}	0.17 ± 0.12^{a}	0.25 ± 0.09^{a}	0.78 ± 0.32 ^a	0.33 ± 0.16^{a}
[9]	Serbia			neiiveiy					
		umpilical cord plasm	I	I	0.091 ± 0.077^{a}	0.16 ± 0.08^{a}	0.059 ± 0.028 ^a	0.16 ± 0.09^{a}	0.12 ± 0.06^{a}
[2]		Urine (ug/g	10/10/10/	Boforo dolivory	0.066	0.065	0.015	0.043	I
		creatinine)		peinie delivery	(0.027, 0.149)	(0.027, 0.149)	(0.006, 0.036)	(0.021, 0.094)	I
[8]	Hubei, China	Urine (ug/g creatinine)	Women	Before delivery	I	0.065 (0.026, 0.151)	I	I	I
					0.70	6.17	0.18	0.56	0.21
[6]	Chandi China	Umbilical cord	Momon	Lases	(0.46, 1.11)	(2.56, 18.71)	(0.10, 0.34)	(0.38, 0.94)	(0.11, 0.70)
		tissue (ng/g)		Controls	0.49	6.64	0.14	0.45	0.17
				CULLENIS	(0.23, 0.93)	(2.28, 17.5)	(0.08, 0.24)	(0.20, 0.82)	(0.04, 0.81)

Biomed Environ Sci, 2024; 37(8): S1-S8

<u>S5</u>

References	Region	Sample type (ng/mL)	Population	Subgroup	La	Ce	Pr	PN	Sm
[10]	Canary Islands, Snain	, umbilical cord	I	I	0.01 0.03)	0.03	< MDL (< MDL 0.01)	0.01 (< MDL 0.01)	< MDI 0.01) < MDI
[11]a	Bangladesh	umbilical cord blood	I	I	0.056	5.536	0.013	0.039	0.015
[12]	Caucasus	placental tissues (ng/g)	I	I	0.41 (0.25, 0.61)	0.42 (0.27, 0.80)	0.043 (0.029, 0.061)	0.135 (0.087, 0.196)	0.010 (0.006, 0.020)
[12]	Henan, China	Plasma	Woman and man	Exposure (job) Control	0.138 ± 0.161	0.320 ± 0.350 0.240 + 0.357	0.031 ± 0.047	0.056 ± 0.087	0.0167 ± 0.029
[13]	Poland	Semen (ng/g)	Man		2.1.3 (2.27–269)	44.0 (4.52–140)	I	I	I
		1119/51		Abnormal semen	17.5 ^b	37.9 ^b	I	I	I
[14]	Baotou, China	Whole blood	Non-pregnant women	I	(2.58–79.0) 0.854 (0.702, 1.061)	(4.63-167) 1.724 (1.446, 2.498)	0.132 (0.110, 0.165)	0.839 (0.587, 0.815)	I
Note. ⁿ	Most of the da	ita are present	ted as "median (IQR)"	. ^a : Data are pres	ented as "mean	± s". ^b : Data are	presented as "n	nedian (minimun	n–maximum)".

Biomed Environ Sci, 2024; 37(8): S1-S8

Elements	Sample	Median (IQR)	LOD	Detection ratio
Eu	Serum	0.001 (0.001, 0.002)	0.0010	52.5%
	Follicular fluid	0.002 (0.000, 0.004)	0.0010	63.8%
	Seminal plasma	0.004 (0.000, 0.007)	0.0010	68.8%
Gd	Serum	0.004 (0.003, 0.007)	0.0020	75.9%
	Follicular fluid	0.013 (0.007, 0.020)	0.0020	61.7%
	Seminal plasma	0.024 (0.014, 0.039)	0.0020	66.0%
Tb	Serum	0.001 (0.000, 0.001)	0.0004	45.4%
	Follicular fluid	0.001 (0.000, 0.002)	0.0004	39.7%
	Seminal plasma	0.002 (0.000, 0.005)	0.0004	73.0%
Dy	Serum	0.006 (0.001, 0.009)	0.0010	64.5%
	Follicular fluid	0.008 (0.002, 0.014)	0.0010	53.2%
	Seminal plasma	0.012 (0.004, 0.025)	0.0010	74.5%
Но	Serum	0.002 (0.001, 0.002)	0.0020	55.3%
	Follicular fluid	0.002 (0.002, 0.005)	0.0020	65.2%
	Seminal plasma	0.003 (0.002, 0.004)	0.0020	68.8%
Er	Serum	0.003 (0.001, 0.005)	0.0012	65.2%
	Follicular fluid	0.004 (0.001, 0.007)	0.0012	70.9%
	Seminal plasma	0.005 (0.000, 0.011)	0.0012	73.8%
Tm	Serum	0.000 (0.000, 0.000)	0.0040	33.3%
	Follicular fluid	-0.002 (-0.003, -0.001)	0.0040	0.0%
	Seminal plasma	-0.002 (-0.003, -0.001)	0.0040	2.1%
Yb	Serum	0.002 (0.001, 0.003)	0.0010	53.9%
	Follicular fluid	0.001 (-0.001, 0.005)	0.0010	50.4%
	Seminal plasma	0.001 (-0.001, 0.005)	0.0010	51.1%
Lu	Serum	0.000 (-0.002, 0.001)	0.0001	30.5%
	Follicular fluid	-0.004 (-0.004, -0.003)	0.0001	1.4%
	Seminal plasma	-0.004 (-0.005, -0.003)	0.0001	5.7%

Supplementary Table S4. The LOD and detection rate of the rest rare earth elements

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